

UK EDITION

(English language)





There is now an additional HIV prevention option available

PrEP stands for pre-exposure prophylaxis. PrEP is used by people who don't have HIV to stop them getting it. Even though PrEP has been available on the NHS in some parts of the UK since 2017, many of us still don't know about it. PrEP is becoming increasingly available and used around the world. Not everyone can or will want to use PrEP. But it's important we all know about it - including people with HIV.

PREP IS-more than a pill

Most people who use PrEP take it as a pill (called oral PrEP). But there are now also other ways to take Prep. In some parts of the world, PrEP is available as a ring inserted into the vagina. Injectable PrEP, that is taken every few months, is being used more and more – but is not yet widely available. New ways of taking PrEP – including injected implants - are also in development. All of these options offer more choice in how we prevent HIV.



Preparent the person taking it ing it

Preposers
adifferent
option to
prevent HIV

Oral Prep is started Before sex (PRE) and continued after sex. It's different from Pep (post exposure prophylaxis) – which is only taken After an HIV exposure (POST). The drugs used in Prep include some of the same ones used to treat people with HIV.

Condoms have been very effective in preventing tens of thousands of HIV infections. But HIV rates have remained relatively high in some groups of people. In places where PrEP has been made available, and is targeted to those who will most benefit from it, there's been big falls in HIV infections.

Preparenting HIV when talken as directed, with few side effects

Research shows that PrEP is very effective at preventing HIV. These studies have tested PrEP in 'real world' situations. When PrEP doesn't work, it's almost always because it isn't being taken as prescribed. Very few people who use PrEP encounter side effects – mostly headaches or feeling sick - and these usually go away after a short time.





Prepision
Hilv negative
people who
are likely to be
exposed to Hilv

Prep can only be used by people who don't already have HIV. Not everyone will want or need to use Prep: no-one should be pressured into starting Prep. Prep will be of most benefit to people who are at higher risk of being exposed to HIV.

Who might benefit from PrEP

People having sex in networks that have higher levels of HIV. In the UK this includes gay and bisexual men. PrEP might be useful if travelling to a part of the world where HIV is more common and sex is likely to happen. Some people decide to use PrEP if they have sexual partners who are from parts of the world where HIV is more common.



Most people
who use Pr
talse it as a
daily pill
(oral PrEP)

Taking PTEP
involves regular
HIVES STI tests

Some people - who know ahead of when they are going to have sex can use oral PrEP for short periods of time around episodes of sex, rather than taking it every day. This is called event-based PrEP or 2-1-1 PrEP. There's currently not enough research to show if this way of taking PrEP works for everyone. and for all types of sex. Not all formulations of oral PrEP have yet been researched for using PrEP in this way.

Because PrEP can only be used by people who are HIV negative, it's important to have an HIV test before or soon after starting PrEP. It's important to have regular HIV and STI (sexually transmitted infection) tests when using PrEP, especially if having lots of sex. The only other regular test that is needed is a simple kidney function test.

Once the drug reaches protective levels it stops HIV from staying in the body

oral Prep to have taken it in enough time Before sex, and to continue After sex. This ensures that the drug reaches and maintains levels that are sufficient to be protective. Prep stops the HIV virus from replicating and reproducing inside the body. Continuing to take oral Prep after sex maintains protective coverage in the event that some HIV remains in the body after sex.





Prevents IIIV. Condoms can prevent some STIS

Prep only prevents HIV and not other STIs or pregnancy. Condoms can help prevent some other STIs.

Other forms of contraception (like the pill) are still needed to prevent pregnancy. Regular STI testing help diagnose and treat STIs. Some STIs – including Hepatitis A and B, HPV (the wart virus), and MPOX (monkeypox) can be prevented by vaccination (available from sexual health clinics).

Some formulations of oral **PrEP**are available in the UK through the XIIS, or by buying online

In England, oral PrEP is now available for free from NHS sexual health clinics. Find out more at:

www.prepster.info/prep-nhse

In Scotland, oral PrEP is currently available for free from NHS sexual health clinics. Find out more at:

www.prep.scot

In Wales, oral PrEP is available through the PrEPARED project:

www.friskywales.org/wales-prep-project.html

In Northern Ireland oral PrEP is available from some sexual health clinics:

www.rainbow-project.org/how-to-access-prep-in-ni



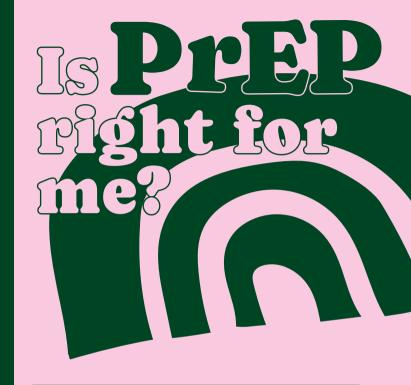
Some people might not be eligible for PrEP on the NHS, or might want to buy PrEP privately. HIV prevention activists have worked to ensure that oral PrEP bought online is genuine. It is legal to buy PrEP online as long as it is for personal use (up to 3 months' supply at once). Visit (www.prepster.info) and (www.iwantprepnow.co.uk) for more information on buying PrEP.

Different tools work
for different people at
different times. Choose
what works best for you

Many people enjoy and like using condoms – they remain an important HIV prevention option. A person living with HIV who is on HIV treatment and has an undetectable viral load cannot pass HIV on to sexual partners, even if condoms aren't used. For more information

see (www.prepster.info/tasp)

Post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) can also be used AFTER sex (within 72 hours) and is available from most sexual health clinics or accident and emergency centres in some hospitals.



It's important that everyone who might benefit from PrEP gets to know about it. One of the best ways of educating ourselves or others about PrEP is by talking to our friends, lovers and sexual partners about it.

This booklet was produced by PrEPster – a programme of The Love Tank CIC.

The booklet is adapted from an original collaboration between PrEPster, HIV Scotland, and Developing HIV Literacy and Dr Ingrid Young (University of Edinburgh).

@TeamPrEPster

@dev_HIVliteracy

Find out more about PrEP:

www.prepster.info



